

## Basic Properties of Terrestrial Atmospheres

### Earth:

Major Atmospheric Constituents:

N<sub>2</sub> (77%), O<sub>2</sub> (21%), H<sub>2</sub>O (1%)

Surface Pressure = 1 bar

Average Surface Temperature = 288 K.

### Mercury:

Major Atmospheric Constituents:

He (42%), Na (42%), O (15%)

Surface Pressure = 10<sup>-13</sup> bar

Average Surface Temperature = 440 K.

### Venus:

Major Atmospheric Constituents:

CO<sub>2</sub> (96%), N<sub>2</sub> (3.5%)

Surface Pressure = 90 bar

Average Surface Temperature = 730 K.

### Mars:

Major Atmospheric Constituents:

CO<sub>2</sub> (95%), N<sub>2</sub> (2.7%), Ar (1.6%)

Surface Pressure = 0.007 bar

Average Surface Temperature = 218 K.

## Properties of Outer Planet Atmospheres

### Jupiter

H (81%), He(18%) atmosphere

Other components  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

### Saturn

H (88%), He(11%) atmosphere

Other components  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

### Uranus

H (84%), He(14%),  $\text{CH}_4$  (1%) atmosphere

Other components: hydrocarbons

### Neptune

H (84%), He(13%),  $\text{CH}_4$  (2%) atmosphere

Other components: hydrocarbons

[B 11-8; Smith (1989) Fig 9]

### Pluto

$\text{CH}_4$  (?%) or CO (?)

Surface temperature 58K.

[Elliot et al. Fig 4]

### Titan

$\text{N}_2$ (82-99%),  $\text{CH}_4$ (1-6%), Ar(0-12%), +  
hydrocarbons

Surface P, T: 1.5 bar, 95K

Liquid  $\text{N}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$  on surface??

[H Fig 12-31]